
 LUND UNIVERSITY


Agroecology for biodiversity conservation and agricultural production

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 PLANT LINK

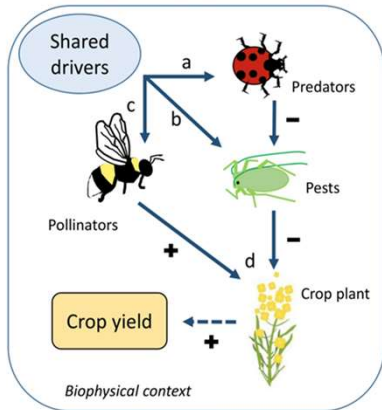
2023-10-05

Photo: Sampo Laukkanen



Linking ecology and farming

“Human land use threatens global biodiversity and compromises multiple ecosystem functions critical to food production.” (Dainese et al. 2019)



Dainese et al. (2019) A global synthesis reveals biodiversity-mediated benefits for crop production. *Science Advances* 5:eaax0121; Lundin, Rundlöf, Jonsson, Bommarco, Williams (2021) Integrated pest and pollinator management – expanding the concept. *Frontiers Ecol Environ* 19: 283-291.



Few species deliver most crop pollination

2% of bee species deliver 80% of crop flower visits ≈ pollination (Kleijn et al. 2015)

Species of relevance in a Swedish context

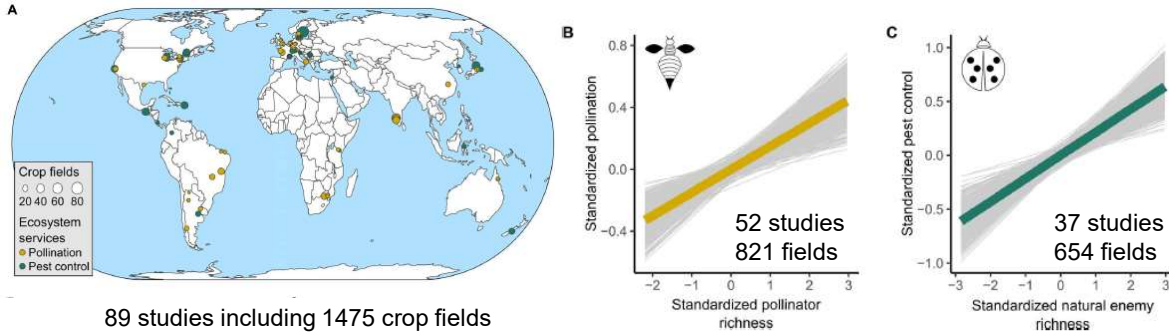
Rank	Species	Alfalfa	Almond	Apple	Carrot	Coffee	Cranberry	Field Bean	H. Blueberry	Leek	Musk melon	Oil Seed Rape	Onion	Passion fruit	Pear	Red Clover	Squash	Strawberry	Sunflower	Tomato	Watermelon	Total no. crops	Total no. studies
1	<i>Bombus impatiens</i>		6				4	3			1						2			2	5	7	23
2	<i>Bombus terrestris/lucorum</i> †	9	2	1			2	1			10	5			2	5		2	5			11	44
3	<i>Bombus lapidarius</i>	9	2				2	1			10				2	5		2	4			9	37
4	<i>Anthophora urbana</i>																		1	1	1	3	3
5	<i>Andrena chrysoseles</i>		2									5			2			2				4	11
6	<i>Andrena vicina</i>		6			4	3															3	13
7	<i>Andrena flavipes</i>	9	2						1		10			2					5			6	29
8	<i>Augochlora pura</i>		6			2	3	1									2			2	5	7	21
9	<i>Andrena haemorrhoa</i>		2			2					9			2				1				5	16
10	<i>Andrena crataegi</i>		4			1	1															3	6



Kleijn et al. (2015) Delivery of crop pollination services is an insufficient argument for wild pollinator conservation. *Nature Communications* 6: 7414

Linking ecology and farming

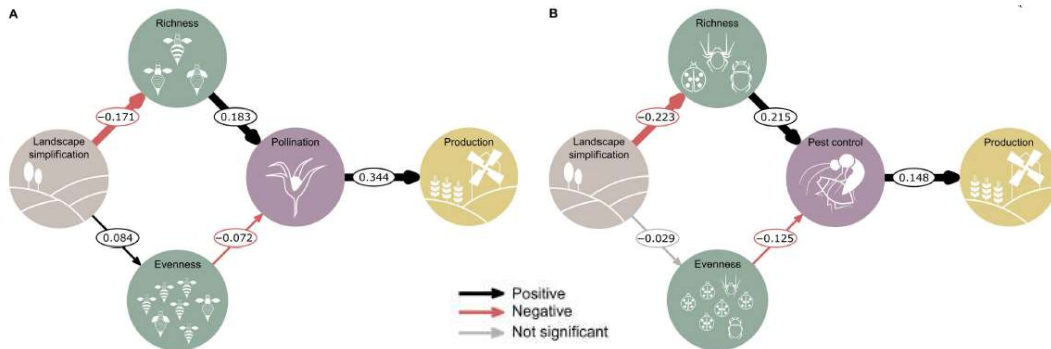
Can crop yield-related ecosystem services be maintained by a few dominant species?



Dainese et al. (2019) A global synthesis reveals biodiversity-mediated benefits for crop production. Science Advances 5: eaax0121.

Linking ecology and farming

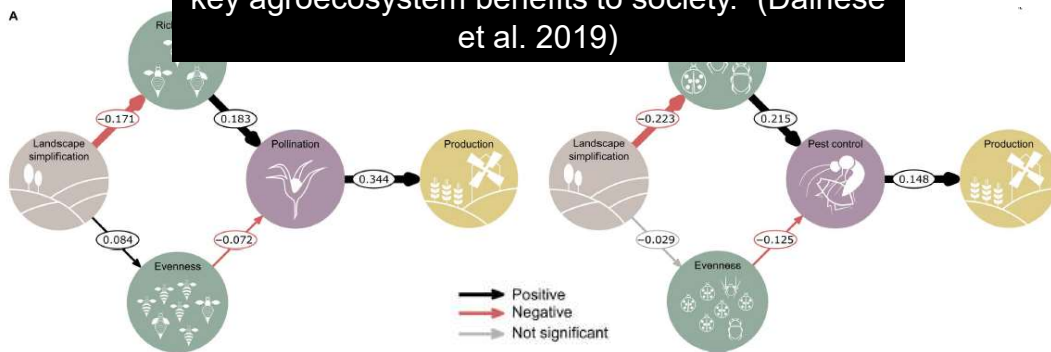
Pollinator and pest natural enemy richness supported ecosystem services alongside and independently of abundance and dominance – with up to 50% of negative links between landscape simplification and ecosystem service delivery due to richness loss



Dainese et al. (2019) A global synthesis reveals biodiversity-mediated benefits for crop production. Science Advances 5: eaax0121.

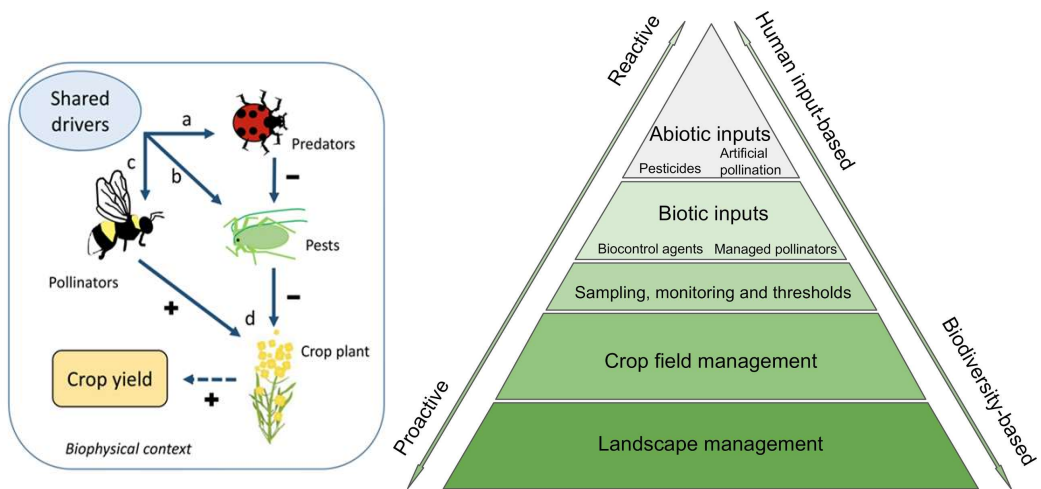
Linking ecology and farming

Pollinator and pest natural enemy richness supported ecosystem services alongside and independent of crop richness. Negative links between landscape simplification and richness of ecosystem service providers is therefore vital to sustain the flow of key agroecosystem benefits to society." (Dainese et al. 2019)

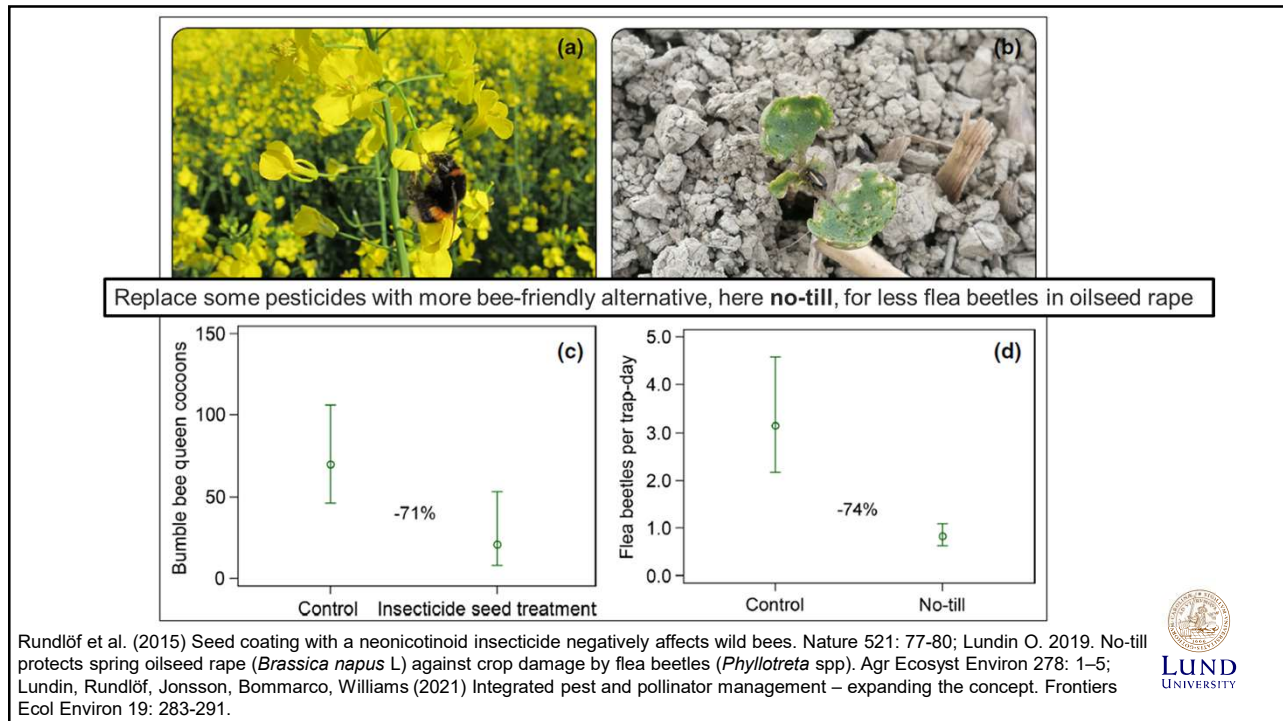
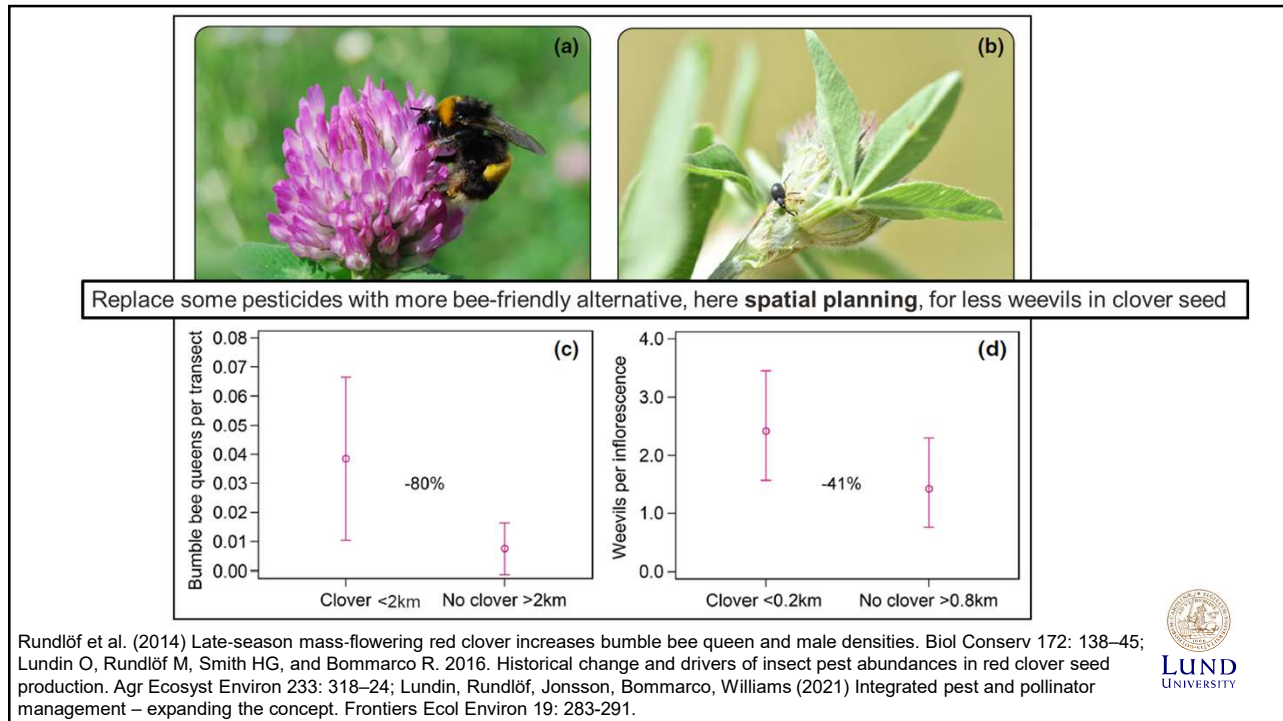


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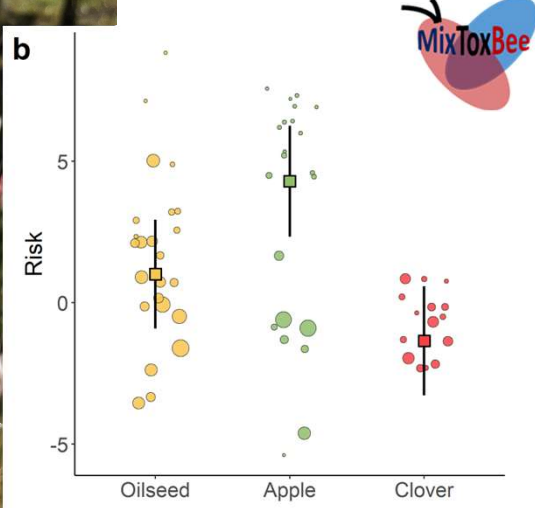
Integrated Pest and Pollinator Management - IPPM



Biddinger & Rajotte (2015) Integrated pest and pollinator management — adding a new dimension to an accepted paradigm. Current Opinion in Insect Science 10: 204-209; Egan et al. (2021) Delivering integrated pest and pollinator management (IPPM). Trends Plant Sci 25: 577-589; Lundin, Rundlöf, Jonsson, Bommarco, Williams (2021) Integrated pest and pollinator management – expanding the concept. Frontiers Ecol Environ 19: 283-291.



Pollinators and pesticides in a changing agricultural landscape





b


Risk

Oilseed Apple Clover


MixToxBee



Ove Jonsson



Jessica Knapp


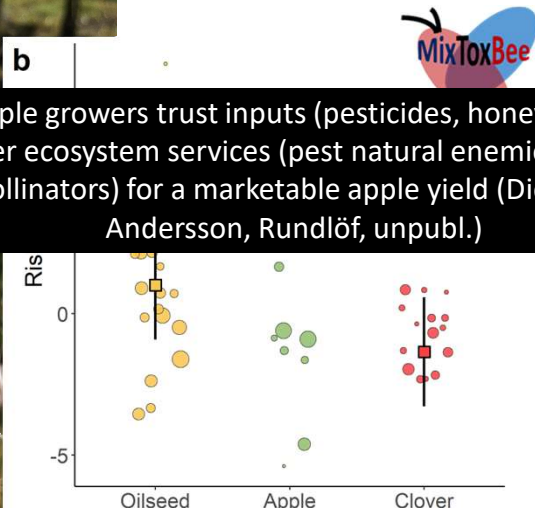


Charlie Nicholson

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Knapp, ... & Rundlöf (2023) Nature Ecol Evol 7: 547-556.

Pollinators and pesticides in a changing agricultural landscape


b

Risk


Oilseed Apple Clover

MixToxBee


Apple growers trust inputs (pesticides, honey bees) over ecosystem services (pest natural enemies, wild pollinators) for a marketable apple yield (Dietrich, Andersson, Rundlöf, unpubl.)




Ove Jonsson




Anne Dietrich



Jessica Knapp




Georg Andersson




Charlie Nicholson

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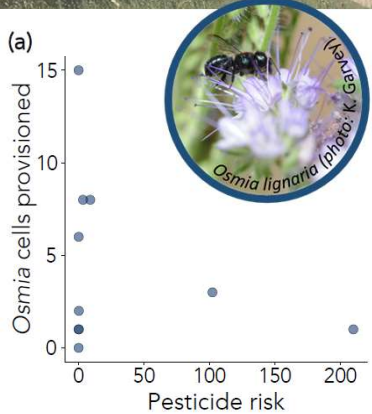
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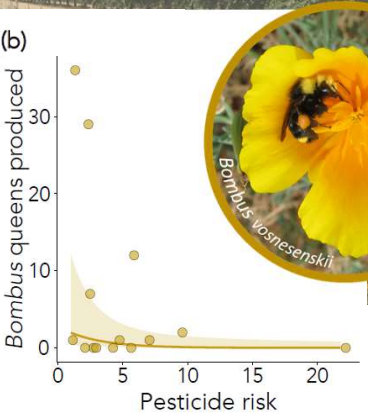
Pesticide effects on bees



- Our North American field study including two species of bees suggests that the pesticide mixture risk limits nesting and reproduction given flower resources




(a)




(b)


Rundlöf, Stulligross, Lindh, Malfi, Burns, Mola, Cibotti, Williams (2022) J Appl Ecol. 59:2117–2127




Clara Stulligross




Rosemary Malfi



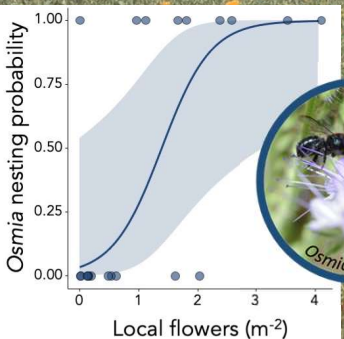
Neal Williams



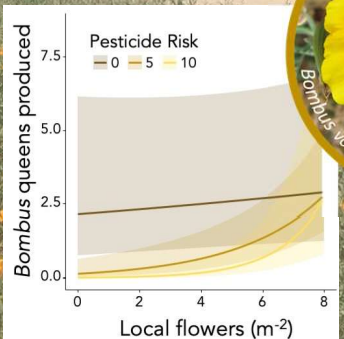
Flowers for pesticide mitigation



- That same field study also suggests that flower plantings can be a source of pesticide exposure, BUT **provide a net reproductive benefit**
- For the bumble bee also pesticide effect mitigation




Osmia nesting probability




Bombus queens produced

Pesticide Risk
— 0 — 5 — 10


Rundlöf, Stulligross, Lindh, Malfi, Burns, Mola, Cibotti, Williams (2022) J Appl Ecol. 59:2117–2127



Clara Stulligross



Rosemary Malfi



Neal Williams

Few species deliver most crop pollination

2% of bee species deliver 80% of crop flower visits ≈ pollination (Kleijn et al. 2015)

→ wild pollinator conservation can't be argued through crop pollination services

Species of relevance in a Swedish context

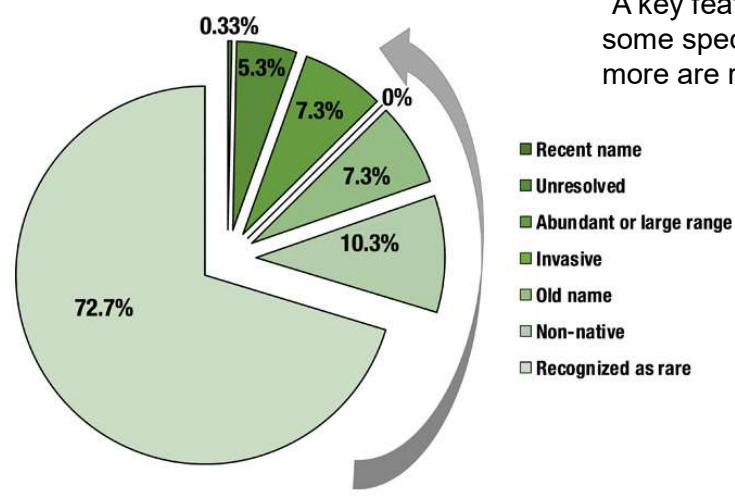
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Most species are rare

“A key feature of life’s diversity is that some species are common but many more are rare.” (Enquist et al. 2019)



Enquist et al. (2019) The commonness of rarity: Global and future distribution of rarity across land plants. Science Advances 5: aaz0414.



